## **Graduate Journal Of Pakistan(GJPR)**



**Book Title: Has China Won? The Chinese Challenge to American Primacy** 

## Author Kishore Mahbubani

## **Book Review:**

Has China Won? Kishore Mahbubani's "The Chinese Challenge to American Primacy" examines the geopolitical environment and analyses China's rise and its effects on the world order. It is an insightful read. In his 2020 publication, seasoned diplomat and academic Mahbubani provides a perceptive examination of China's rise, questioning Western viewpoints and advocating for a reassessment of presumptions on the dynamics of global power.

The book opens with a discussion of the headline question, "Has China Won?" This sets the tone for a thorough analysis of China's development and how it has affected the current global order. Mahbubani emphasizes the need for a more nuanced assessment of the Chinese challenge by inviting readers to view China's ascent as a natural evolution in history rather than as a danger.

According to Mahbubani, the West—especially the United States—needs to reevaluate its attitudes and strategies regarding China. According to him, the West's insistence on seeing China just through the prism of its own past experiences could cause miscommunication and squander chances for positive interaction. The author pushes for a more cooperative strategy, asking the US to recognize China's justifiable goals and work together to address global issues.

Mahbubani's ability to set current events in historical context is one of the book's strongest points. He charts China's comeback from its era as the world's most powerful economy to its current standing as a significant actor in international affairs. The author emphasizes that China's ascent is not the product of a liberal democracy in the Western sense but rather of a distinctive Chinese model and credits its success to its dedication to pragmatic governance and commitment to economic development.

Mahbubani explores China's internal struggles and achievements, giving readers a sophisticated perspective of the country's nuances. He contends that China's rise to prominence on the international scene is largely attributable to its concentration on economic expansion, education, and the eradication of poverty. Mahbubani's examination of China's internal dynamics provides a thorough picture of the elements that have contributed to its success.

The author argues that China does not necessarily want to export its political ideology; rather, its goals in the world are essentially economic. He casts doubt on the notion that China represents an ideological danger to the liberal democratic order and suggests that, rather than trying to force its own political principles on China, the West should concentrate on having pragmatic conversations with Beijing.

The difficulties of overseeing the US-China relationship are also covered in the book. Mahbubani contends that while rivalry between the two powers is unavoidable, it need not result in hostilities. Finding areas of cooperation is crucial, he says, especially when tackling global concerns like economic development, pandemics, and climate change. Instead of taking a zero-sum approach, the author supports a framework that allows for the coexistence of various political systems.

Mahbubani tackles the fundamental query of whether the West—and the US in particular—is ready and able to adjust to a shifting international system. He draws attention to the dangers of taking a confrontational stance and exhorts Western leaders to respect China's rightful interests while defending their own. The book is a call to action for decision-makers to navigate the complexity of the U.S.-China relationship with a more inclusive and cooperative perspective.

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Mahbubani's criticism of Western duplicity and inconsistency in its approach to global governance is a significant component of "Has China Won?" He draws attention to the historical inequities and imbalances present in international institutions and make the case that the West's creation of a system that serves its interests is partially responsible for China's development. The author urges the West to address these disparities and work with emerging nations to establish a more just international system.

Mahbubani writes in an approachable and captivating manner, which makes the book appropriate for a wide readership. He makes sure that the complicated geopolitical concerns are presented in a way that is both educational and relatable by fusing academic analysis with anecdotes and personal experiences. Because it stays away from too much jargon, readers with different levels of experience with geopolitics and international affairs can understand the book.

Although Mahbubani's viewpoint contradicts traditional Western narratives, there are criticisms inside the text. Some readers might feel that the author does not go far enough in addressing issues related to human rights or the repression of political dissent in China. Some readers would prefer a more in-depth analysis of the issues facing China's political system because the book largely concentrates on the economic and geopolitical aspects of China's ascent.

To sum up, Kishore Mahbubani's "Has China Won? The Chinese Challenge to American Primacy" is an engaging and perceptive examination of the changing international system. Mahbubani argues against Western interpretations of China's ascent and in favor of a more cooperative approach to U.S.-China relationship management. The book provides a sophisticated analysis of China's development, highlighting the necessity for the West to adjust to a shifting geopolitical environment. Mahbubani makes a compelling case for practical involvement and a reassessment of global governance, which adds significantly to the current conversation about the direction of international relations.